NATIONAL GRID PLANS Scale 1:2500

ORDNANCE SURVEY

HEIGHTS IN METRES

PLAN SU 0237-03

SU 0238-0338

WILTSHIRE COUNTY | SALISBURY DISTRICT | WYLYE E D | WYLYE WARD

STEEPLE LANGFORD C P

Steeple Langford

Hanging Langford

WYLYE C P

SALISBURY CO CONST

Eton College Farm

Ballington

Ballington Manor

Mill House

The Bungalow

Steeple Langford C E First School

Orchard House

Manor House

The Malthouse

Corpus Christi House

All Saints' Church (C of E)

Rectory

Bell Inn (P H)

Allotment Gardens

Woodcock

Pavilion

Playing Field

Tennis Court

Driveway

Hillcot Farm

White Bird Lake

The Manor House

The Cottage

Chantry

Pond

Clifford Bottom

SU 0236-0336

CONVERSION SCALES

HECTARES-ACRES

Hectares 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 Hectares

Acres 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 Acres

METRES-FEET

Metres 0 20 10 0 20 40 60 80 100 120 140 160 180 200 220 240 260 280 300 320 340 360 400 420 440 460 480 500 520 540 560 580 600 620 640 660 680 700 720 740 760 780 800 820 840 860 880 900 920 940 960 980 1000 1020 1040 1060 1080 1100 Metres

Feet 0 100 50 0 100 200 300 400 500 600 700 800 900 1000 1100 1200 1300 1400 1500 1600 1700 1800 1900 2000 2100 2200 2300 2400 2500 2600 2700 2800 2900 3000 3100 3200 3300 3400 3500 3600 Feet

1 metre = 3·2808 feet

1 foot = 0·3048 metre

One grid square on this plan represents one hectare.

Made and published by the Director General of the Ordnance Survey, Southampton.

COMPILATION DATA

Levelled 1939,57

Boundaries ..... Jun 1976

† (b) Feb 1976

† 1:2500 scale * 1:1250 scale (photographically reduced)

(a) Surveyed

(b) Reconstituted from former County Series plans and revised

(c) Revised

Surveys of changes since the publication of this plan may be available. Enquiries should be addressed to the Director General or to the local Ordnance Survey office.

HEIGHTS are given in METRES above the Newlyn Datum.

Bench mark lists, which may contain later levelling information and particulars of bench marks to which no values have been shown, are obtainable from the Director General, Ordnance Survey.

The representation on this plan of a road, track or path is no evidence of the existence of a right of way.

The alignment of hedges, where shown is approximate.

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PLAN SU 0237-0337

ABBREVIATIONS

B H ..... Beer House
B M ..... Bench Mark
B P ..... Boundary Post
B S ..... Boundary Stone
C ..... Crane
C H ..... Club House
Chy ..... Chimney
Cn ..... Capstan
D Fn ..... Drinking Fountain
El P ..... Electricity Pillar or Pole
E T L ..... Electricity Transmission Line
F A ..... Fire Alarm
F A P ..... Fire Alarm Pillar
F B ..... Fitter Bed or Foot Bridge
F B M ..... Fundamental Bench Mark
F S ..... Flagstaff
F Sta ..... Fire Station
G P ..... Gurde Post
G V C ..... Gas Valve Compound
H ..... Hydrant
H Cr ..... Hydraulic Crane
L B ..... Letter-Box
L B Sta ..... Lifeboat Station
L C ..... Level Crossing
L G ..... Loading Gauge
L Ho ..... Lighthouse
L Twr ..... Lighting Tower
m ..... Metres
M H W ..... Mean High Water
M H W S ..... Mean High Water Springs
M L W ..... Mean Low Water
M L W S ..... Mean Low Water Springs
M P ..... Mile or Mooring Post
M P U ..... Mail Pick-up
M S ..... Mile Stone
N T L ..... Normal Tidal Limit
P ..... Pillar, Pole or Post
Path (ums) ..... Unmade Path
P C ..... Public Convenience
P C B ..... Police Call Box
P H ..... Public House
P O ..... Post Office
Pp ..... Pump
P T P ..... Police Telephone Pillar
R H ..... Road House
rp ..... Revision Point
S ..... Stone
S B ..... Signal Box
S Br ..... Signal Bridge
S D ..... Sundial
S L ..... Signal Light
Sl ..... Sluice
S P ..... Signal Post
Spr ..... Spring
S Sta ..... Signal Station
T C B ..... Telephone Call Box
T C P ..... Telephone Call Post
Tk ..... Tank or Track
Tr ..... Trough
ts ..... Traverse Station
W ..... Well
W B ..... Weighbridge
Wd Pp ..... Wind Pump
Wks ..... Works
Wr Pt ..... Water Point
Wr T ..... Water Tap

SYMBOLS

Non-coniferous trees

Coniferous trees

Survey trees

Orchard trees

Coppice or osier

Scrub

Heath

Bracken, rough grassland

Marsh

Cuttings

Reeds

Slopes

Cliff

Cave entrance

Rock

Boulders

Sloping masonry

Roofed building

Glasshouse

Archway

Change of boundary mereing

see AREAS notes

Site of antiquity

Culvert

Direction of water flow

Pylon

Electricity Transmission Line

Triangulation station

Traverse station (permanent)

Bench mark

Surface level

Revision point

Revision point & bench mark coincident

BOUNDARIES

ENGLAND & WALES

County

District

London Borough

Civil Parish (England)

Community (Wales)

Electoral Division

Ward

Constituency (Co or Boro)

Coincident boundaries are shown by the first appropriate symbol above, e.g. Boro Const & E D Bdy

For Ordnance Survey purposes, County Boundary is deemed to be the limit of the parish structure whether or not a parish area adjoins.

SCOTLAND

Region or Islands Area

District

Not shown

Electoral Division

Ward

Constituency (Co or Burgh)

E D Bdy

Ward Bdy

Boro Const Bdy

Burgh Const Bdy

Co Const Bdy

Boundary meerings

B B ..... Base of Bank
C B ..... Centre of Bank
C C S ..... Centre of Covered Stream
C D ..... Centre of Drain, etc
C R ..... Centre of Road, etc
C S ..... Centre of Stream, etc
Def ..... Defaced
E K ..... Edge of Kerb
F F ..... Face of Fence
F W ..... Face of Wall
R H ..... Root of Hedge
S R ..... Side of River, etc
T B ..... Top of Bank
Th H ..... Thick Hedge
Th S ..... Thick Stream
Und ..... Undefined

Imperial equivalents for metric boundary meerings

5m = 3ft 10in 15m = 49ft 2in

AREAS

Area measurement is to plan edge only.

The number and area, in hectares (ha) and acres, is shown within each parcel of land.

EXAMPLE: 4267 ..... parcel number
1·809ha ..... area in hectares
4·47 ..... area in acres

When identifying a parcel it is important to specify the number of the plan on which it falls.

Enclosures or features joined for measurements of area .....

Limit of area within which individual parcels are not shown .....

To convert hectares to acres multiply by 2·471 05

To convert acres to hectares multiply by 0·404 69

NATIONAL GRID REFERENCE

The grid lines form part of the National Grid and are at 100 metre intervals. To give a unique reference defining the position of a point to within 10 metres proceed as follows:—

1. Take the two letters preceding the sheet number
2. Take the west edge of the grid square in which the point lies and read the figures opposite this line on the north or south margin. Estimate tens of metres from the grid line to the point (distance e). The resulting four figure number is the Eastings
3. Take the south edge of the grid square in which the point lies and read the figures opposite this line on the east or west margin. Estimate tens of metres from the grid line to the point (distance n). The resulting four figure number is the Northings
4. The full ten metre reference is given by writing first the letters followed by the Eastings and then by the Northings.

EXAMPLE from sheet TQ 0529

TQ 058 292 / 8 / 0588 / 8 / 291 / 6 / 2916 / 291 / 058

TQ 0582916

For further information see 'An introduction to the Projection for Ordnance Survey Maps and the National Reference System'

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