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One grid square on this plan represents one hectare.

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AREAS

The number and area, in hectares (ha) and acres, is shown within each parcel of land.

Area measurement is to the plain edge only.

EXAMPLE:

4267.....	parcel number
1-809ba.....	acres in hectares

SCOTLAND	When identifying a parcel, it is important to specify the number of the plan on which it falls.	4-47	area in acres
Region or Islands Area	Enclosures or features placed for measurement of area.		
County	Limit of areas within which individual parcels are not shown.		
County	To convert hectares to acres (1 ha = 2.471 056)		
Not shown	To convert acres to hectares (multiply by 0.404 69)		
Electoral Division			
Ward			
Parish (or Civil Parish)			

NATIONAL GRID REFERENCE

The grid lines form part of the National Grid and are at 100 metre intervals. To give a unique reference defining the position of a point to within 10 metres proceed as follows—

EXAMPLE FROM SHEET TG 0039		
1. Take the two figures preceding the sheet number—	TQ	058
2. Take the west edge of the grid line which the spot line crosses and read the figure opposite this line on the north or south margin—	058	
3. Estimate some of metres from the line on the north or south margin—	058	
4. The resulting four figure number is the Easting—	0588	
5. Take the south edge of the grid line which the spot line crosses and read the figure opposite this line on the east or west margin—	291	
6. Estimate some of metres from the line on the east or west margin—	291	
7. The resulting four figure number is the Northing—	2916	
8. The full six figure number is—	TQ 058829	

Proceed by the Easting and then by the Northing.

For further information see an introduction to the Projection for Ordnance Survey Maps and the National Reference System.

NATIONAL GRID REFERENCE

The grid lines form part of the National Grid and are at 100 metres intervals. To give a unique reference defining the position of a point to within 100 metres proceed as follows—

1. Take the two digits preceding the sheet number—
2. Take the west edge of the grid square in which the point lies and read the figure opposite this point on the north or south margin—
3. Estimate the metres from the grid line to the point (distance $\frac{1}{2}$)
4. The resulting four figure number is the Easting—
5. Take the south edge of the grid square in which the point lies and read the figure opposite this point on the east or west margin—
6. Estimate the metres from the grid line to the point (distance $\frac{1}{2}$)
7. The full six figure number is given by writing first the Easting—
8. followed by the Easting and then by the Northing—

For further information see "An Introduction to the Projection for Ordnance Survey Maps and the National Grid Reference System."

EXAMPLE from sheet TQ 0529

A 9

ST 94