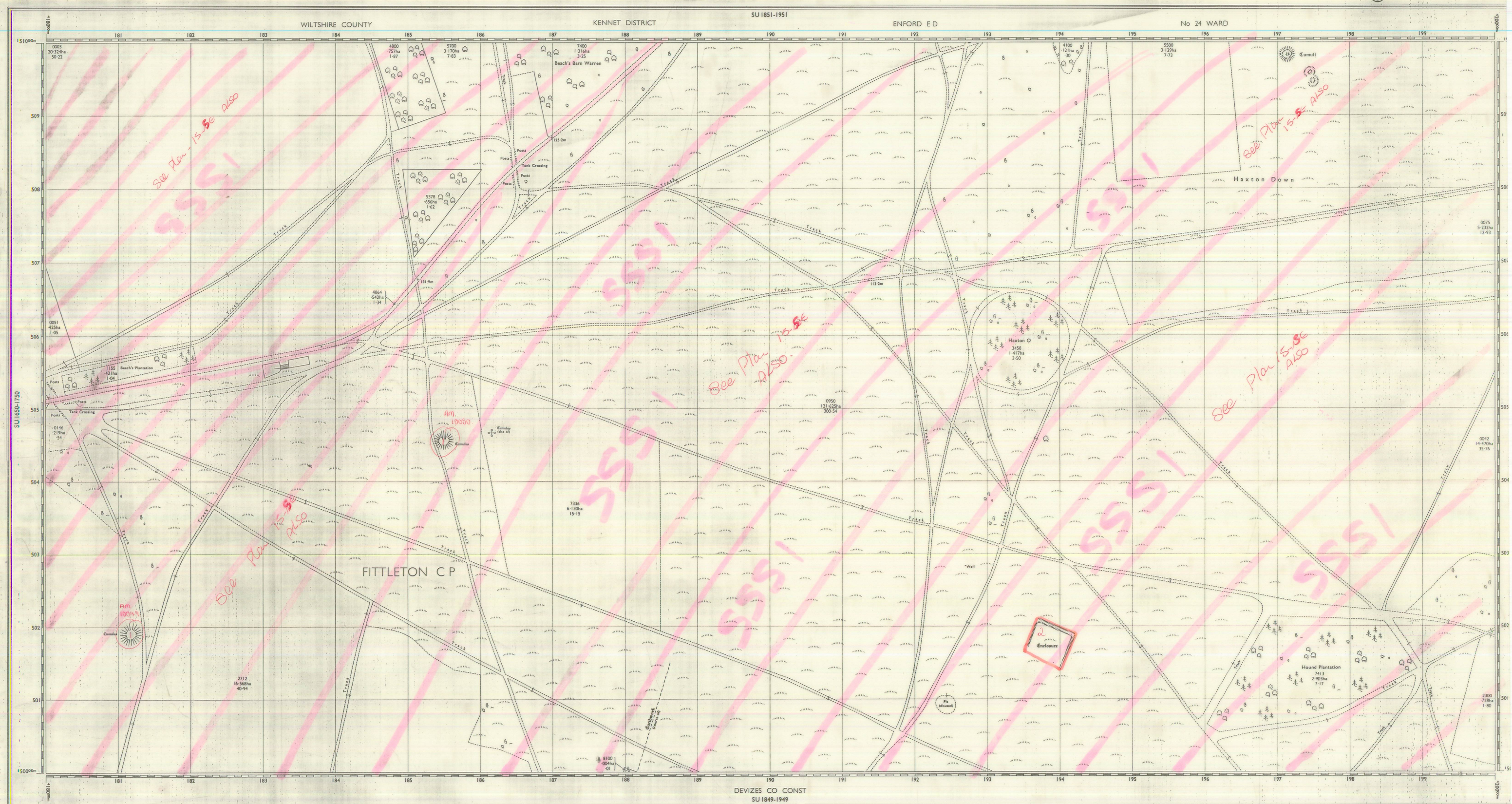

Made and published by the Director General of the Ordnance Survey, Southampton.

COMPILATION DATA

(b) Oct 1973

Levelled 1958
Boundaries ..... Jun 1974

† 1:2500 scale
* 1:1250 scale (photographically reduced)

(a) Surveyed.
(b) Reconstructed from former County Series plans and revised.
(c) Revised.

Surveys of changes since the publication of this plan may be available. Enquiries should be addressed to the Director General or to the local Ordnance Survey office.

HEIGHTS are given in METRES above the Newlyn Datum.
Bench mark lists, which may contain later levelling information and particulars of bench marks to which no values have been shown, are obtainable from the Director General, Ordnance Survey.
The representation on this plan of a road, track or path is no evidence of the existence of a right of way.
The alignment of railways shown is approximate.

CONVERSION SCALES

HECTARES-ACRES

METRES-FEET

1 metre = 3·2808 feet
1 foot = 0·3048 metre

One grid square on this plan represents one hectare.

ABBREVIATIONS

B H	Beer House	L B Sta	Lifeboat Station	P T P	Police Telephone Pillar
B M	Bench Mark	L C	Level Crossing	R H	Road House
B P	Boundary Post	L G	Loading Gauge	rp	Revision Point
B S	Boundary Stone	L Ho	Lighthouse	S	Stone
C	Crane	L Twr	Lighting Tower	S B	Signal Box
C H	Club House	m	Metres	S Br	Signal Bridge
Chy	Chimney	M H W	Mean High Water	S D	Sundial
Cn	Capstan	M H W S	Mean High Water Springs	S L	Signal Light
D Fn	Drinking Fountain	M L W	Mean Low Water	Sl	Sluice
Ds	Dock	M L W S	Mean Low Water Springs	S P	Signal Post
El P	Electricity Pillar or Pole	M P	Mile or Mooring Post	Spr	Spring
E T L	Electricity Transmission Line	M P U	Mail Pick-up	S Sta	Signal Station
F A	Fire Alarm	M S	Mile Stone	T C B	Telephone Call Box
F A P	Fire Alarm Pillar	N T	National Trust	T C P	Telephone Call Post
F B	Pillar Bed or Foot Bridge	N T L	Normal Tidal Limit	Th	Tank or Track
F B M	Fundamental Bench Mark	N T S	National Trust for Scotland	Tr	Trough
F S	Flagstaff	P	Pillar, Pole or Post	ts	Traverse Station
F Sta	Fire Station	Path (um)	Unmade Path	W	Well
G P	Guide Post	P C	Public Convenience	W B	Weighbridge
G V C	Gas Valve Compound	P C B	Police Call Box	Wd Pp	Wind Pump
H	Hydrant or Hydrovalve	P H	Public House	Wks	Works
ha	Hectares	P O	Post Office	Wr Pt	Water Point
L B	Letter Box	Pp	Pump	Wr T	Water Tap

SYMBOLS

Non-coniferous trees
Coniferous trees
Surveyed trees
Orchard trees
Coppice, osier
Scrub
Bracken
Heath
Rough grassland
Marsh, saltings
Reeds
Slopes
Cliff
Cave entrance
Rock
Boulders
Sloping masonry
Roofed building
Glasshouse
Archway
Change of boundary mereing
see AREAS notes
Site of antiquity
Culvert
Direction of water flow
Electricity pylon
Electricity Transmission Line
Triangulation station
Traverse station (permanent)
Bench mark
Surface level
Revision point
Revision point & bench mark coincident

VEGETATION CLASSIFICATION. Where space permits, tree and scrub symbols in woods are shown in groups of four, three, two or singly to indicate close, medium, open or scattered density of trees or scrub.

BOUNDARIES

England & Wales: County; District; London Borough; Civil Parish; Community (Wales); Electoral Division; Ward; Boro Const Bdy / Co Const Bdy; Parly Constituency

Scotland: Geographical County; County Council; County of the City; Burgh; Burgh Bdy; Dist Bdy; District Council; Civil Parish; Burgh Const & Ward Bdy / Co Const Bdy; Parly Constituency & Ward

Where boundaries coincide the symbol shown is the first applicable in the table above, e.g. Boro Const & E D Bdy.
For Ordnance Survey purposes County Boundary is deemed to be the limit of the parish structure whether or not a parish area adjoins.
New boundary symbols adopted for England and Wales 1974.

Boundary merelings

B B	Base of Bank	C R	Centre of Road, etc.	F F	Face of Fence
C B	Centre of Bank	C S	Centre of Stream, etc.	F W	Face of Wall
C C S	Centre of Covered Stream	Dd	Defaced	H H	Knee of Hedge
C O	Centre of Drain, etc.	E O	Edge of Water	T B	Top of Bank
		F S	Foot of Bank, etc.	Tk H	Track of Hedge
				Tk S	Track of Stream
				Unk	Unknown

Imperial equivalents for metric boundary merelings
0·91m = 3ft 1·22m = 4ft

Made and published by the Director General of the Ordnance Survey, Southampton.

AREAS

Area measurement is to plan edge only.
The number and area, in hectares (ha) and acres, is shown within each parcel of land.

4267 ..... parcel number
EXAMPLE: 1·809ha ..... area in hectares
4·47 ..... area in acres

When identifying a parcel it is important to specify the number of the plan on which it falls.
Enclosures or features joined for measurement of area .....
Limit of area within which individual parcels are not shown .....

To convert hectares to acres multiply by 2·471·05
To convert acres to hectares multiply by 0·404·69

NATIONAL GRID REFERENCE

The grid lines form part of the National Grid and are at 100 metre intervals. To give a unique reference defining the position of a point to within 10 metres proceed as follows:—

EXAMPLE from sheet TQ 0529

1. Take the two letters preceding the sheet number ..... TQ
2. Take the west edge of the grid square in which the point lies and read the figures opposite this line on the north or south margin 058
   Estimate tens of metres from the grid line to the point (distance x) 8
   The resulting four figure number is the Easting 0588
3. Take the south edge of the grid square in which the point lies and read the figures opposite this line on the east or west margin 291
   Estimate tens of metres from the grid line to the point (distance n) 6
   The resulting four figure number is the Northing 2916
4. The full ten metre reference is given by writing first the letters, followed by the Easting and then by the Northing ..... TQ 0588291

For further information see 'An Introduction to the Projection for Ordnance Survey Maps and the National Reference System.'

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