

SCALE 1:10 000

ORDNANCE SURVEY



SHEET SU 07 SE

**ROADS**  
Road Track Track Path  
Where unfenced shown by packed lines.

**RAILWAYS**  
Cresting Embankment Multiple track  
Single track  
Siding, tramway or mineral line  
Narrow gauge

**VEGETATION**  
Bracken, rough grassland Marsh  
Scrub Saltings  
Heath Reeds  
Coppice Orchard  
Coniferous trees Non-coniferous trees  
In some areas bracken (T) and rough grassland (.....) are shown separately.

**GENERAL FEATURES**  
Antiquity (site of)  
Boulders  
Building  
Electricity transmission line  
Glasshouse  
Triangulation station  
Lake, loch or pond  
Sloping masonry  
Chalk pit, clay pit or quarry  
Gravel pit  
Sand pit  
Refuse or slag heap  
Direction of flow of water  
Shingle sand

**BOUNDARIES** As notified to 1-1-79  
County (England and Wales), Region or Islands Area (Scotland)  
District  
London Borough  
Civil Parish (England), Community (Wales)  
Conseil Municipal (Cm, Boro or Burgh)  
Electoral Division or Ward  
Example of change of meaning  
Imperial equivalents for metric boundary measurements: 0.91m = 3ft, 1.22m = 4ft.  
Coincident boundaries are shown by the first appropriate symbol above, eg. Boro Copes & ED Bdy.  
For Ordnance Survey purposes County boundary is deemed to be the limit of the parish structure whether or not a parish area exists.

**HEIGHTS (METRES)**  
Values are given in metres above mean sea level at Newlyn.  
Surface heights determined by ground survey  
Bench marks and their values are shown on large scale maps, and bench mark lists containing fuller and possibly later levelling information are obtainable from the Director General, Ordnance Survey.  
Contours are at 5 metres vertical interval.

**ABBREVIATIONS**  
BP, BS Boundary Post or Stone  
Ch Church  
CHM Chapel House  
F Sta Fire Station  
FB Foot Bridge  
Fm Fountain  
GP Guide Post  
MP, MS Mile Post or Stone  
P Post  
Pst Sta Police Station  
PO Post Office  
PC Public Convenience  
PH Public House  
S Stone  
Spr Spring  
TCB Telephone Call Box  
TCP Telephone Call Post  
TH Town Hall  
W Well  
Y Youth Hostel

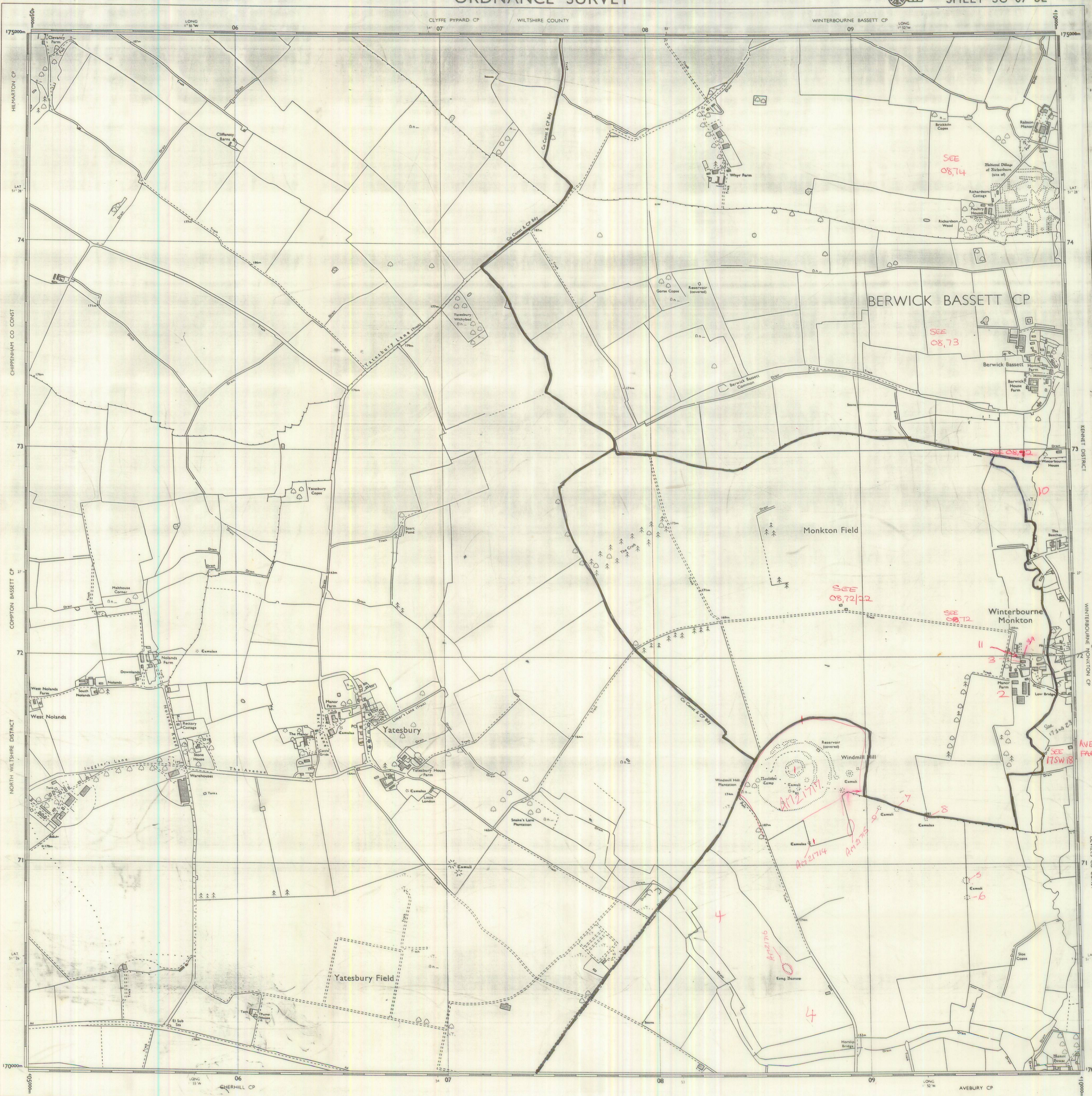
**THE NATIONAL GRID REFERENCE SYSTEM**  
The grid lines form part of the National Grid and are at 1km intervals.  
To give a unique reference defining the position of a point to within 100 metres proceed as follows:  
1. Take the two letters preceding the sheet number  
2. Take the west edge of the grid square in which the point lies and read the figure opposite this line on the north or south margin.  
3. Take the south edge of the grid square in which the point lies and read the figure opposite this line on the east or west margin.  
4. The resulting three figure number is the Easting.  
5. Estimate tenths eastwards from the grid line to the point (distance e).  
6. The resulting three figure number is the Easting.  
7. Take the north edge of the grid square in which the point lies and read the figure opposite this line on the east or west margin.  
8. Estimate tenths northwards from the grid line to the point (distance n).  
9. The resulting three figure number is the Northing.  
10. The full 100 metre reference is given by writing first the Easting, followed by the Northing, and then the Northing.  
At the eastern edge of this sheet True North is 0° 07' West of Grid North and at the western edge 0° 03' West of Grid North. Magnetic North was about 7° West of Grid North in 1979 decreasing by about 1° in three years.

**SURVEY DIAGRAM**  
ADJOINING SHEETS  
SU 07 NW SU 07 NE SU 17 NW  
SU 07 SW SU 07 SE SU 17 SW  
SU 06 NW SU 06 NE SU 16 NW

Surveyed at 1:2500 scale 1975-76  
Revised for significant changes 1977  
Contours surveyed 1974.  
1 square centimetre on this map represents 1 hectare (2.471 acres) on the ground.  
1 metre = 3.2808 feet  
1 foot = 0.3048 metre

A booklet, Place names on maps of Scotland and Wales, is published by the Ordnance Survey, and includes a glossary of the most common Gaelic, Scandinavian and Welsh elements used on Ordnance Survey maps of Scotland and Wales.  
The representation on this map of a road, track or path is no evidence of the existence of a right of way.  
Made and published by the Director General of the Ordnance Survey, Southampton.

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WILTSHIRE  
SHEET SU 07 SE



07SE

SU 07 SE